

Panel Three

How to Use Standards and Conformance to Support Transatlantic Regulatory and Economic Cooperation

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OBJECTIVES OF EUROPEAN STANDARDIZATION

- elimination of technical barriers to trade in Europe via an effective and legitimate method of co-regulation for a single market economy
- ensuring the competitiveness of European industry, both within the internal market and beyond its borders
- Contributing to the welfare of citizens



STANDARDIZATION PRINCIPLES

- Consensus
- Openness and transparency
- National commitment
- Technical Harmonisation
- Commitment with international work
- Market relevance
- WTO code of good practices



EUROPEAN INTERNAL MARKET

- Harmonization through the commitment of the National Standardization bodies:
 - Represent national interested parties: industry, authorities, social partners, consumers
 - Ensure consensus building at national level
 - Appoint national experts to participate in standardization work
 - CEN/CENELEC/ETSI EN standards are implemented identically as national standards by NSBs and conflicting national standards must be withdrawn.



EUROPEAN INTERNAL MARKET

SINGLE TEXT

EN

European Standard

One

UNIQUE

Standard

in at least 30 countries

EUROPEAN STANDARDIZATION AND WTO

- The members of the WTO are obliged to use international standards as a basis for developing Technical Regulations
- The EU has recognized the increasing importance of international standards
- The European Standardization System fully complies with WTO rules and principles

COOPERATION WITH CENELED INTERNATIONAL STANDARDIZATION

 CEN, CENELEC and ETSI have concluded agreements with their international partner in order to ensure cooperation between the European and the international level:

IEC

The Dresden Agreement

CENELEC European level

National Standards Bodies

National level

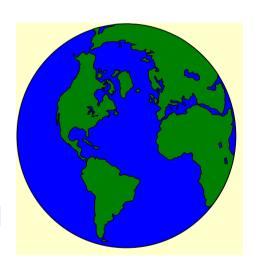
level

Industry and other stakeholders

THE DRESDEN AGREEMENT FORESES



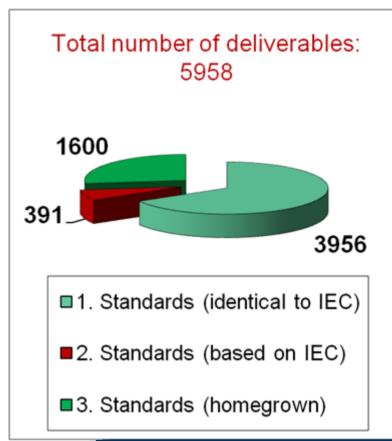
- Undisputed support to the IEC
 - publication and common adoption of International Standards— Parallel Voting
 - Ensure rational use of AVAILABLE RESOURCES: standardization preferably at international level, once for all
 - acceleration of the standards preparation process in response to market demands
 - barriers to international trade are removed in Europe
 - mutual information on national work
 - technical cooperation in technical groups





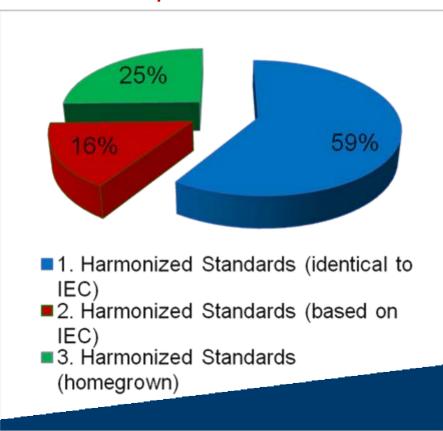
RESULTS OF DRESDEN AGREEMENT

- Strengthening of the cooperation
 - 71,5% of CENELEC EN/HD identical or based on IEC standards
 - •66% standards identical to IEC
 - •7% standards based on IEC
 - •27% homegrown standards
- New Work Items systematically offered to the IEC



HARMONISED STANDARDS AND INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

30% of European Standards are Harmonised Standards



- •59% of Harmonised Standards identical to IEC
- •16% of Harmonised Standards based on IEC
- •25% of Harmonised Standards homegrown standards



HARMONISED STANDARDS

- Supports public authorities on technical requirements relevant to European policies and legislation
- Broad market acceptance of regulation by reference to standards adopted via an open and transparent process with all parties concerned
- No mandatory application of standards; flexibility for manufacturers to use different technical solutions thus enhancing innovative development
- Advantages benefit both regulators, industry and all market actors (e.g. importer, etc.)

DIRECTIVES SUPPORTED BY HARMONISED STANDARDS

- Electromagnetic Compatibility 89/336/EEC and 2004/108/EC
- Explosive Atmospheres 94/9/EC
- Interoperability of European High-Speed Railway 96/48/EC
- Low-Voltage Equipment (old 73/23/EEC) new 93/68/EEC
- Machinery 98/37/EC
- Measuring Instruments 2004/22/EC
- Medical Devices (MD) 93/42/EEC; MD: Active Implantable 90/385/EEC;
 MD: In Vitro Diagnostic 98/79/EC
- Non-Automatic Weighing Instruments 90/384/EEC
- Personal Protective Equipment 89/686/EEC
- Radio & Telecom Terminal Equipment 99/5/EC
- Recreational Craft 94/25/EC
- Safety of Toys 88/378/EEC
- WEE 2002/96/EC and 2003/108/EC
- EuP Directive 2005/32/EC



Thank you!

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