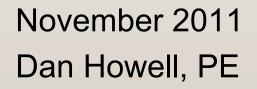
## Resiliency – a Property Insurer's View



#### FM Global (Factory Mutual)

- Est. 1835
- Commercial Property Insurance
- Business Model:
  - Research
  - Loss prevention engineering
  - Risk improvement
- 220,000 insured locations
- 1200 field engineers
- 350 Loss Prevention Data Sheets

#### Losses (\$)

Nat Haz / Fire / Other

#### Risk Improvement

- Physical
- Human Element / Response

## FM Global Research Campus



#### **Building Hazards**

- Natural Hazards
  - Flood
  - Wind
  - Earthquake
  - Snow
  - Ice
  - Rain
  - Hail
  - Bush/Wild Fire
- Fire (occupancy)
- Other (blast, impact, terrorism, etc.)

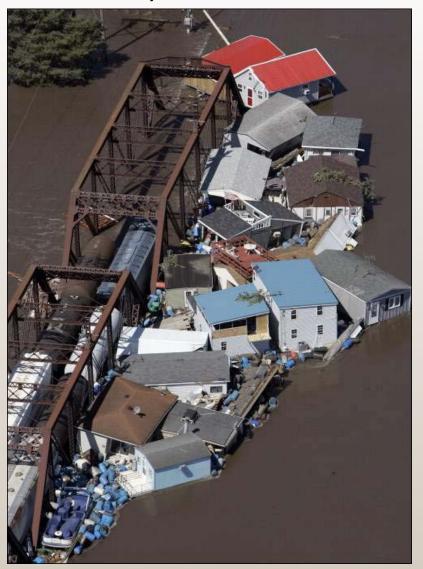
#### Flood



## Flood (2008 Midwest)



## Flood (2008 Midwest)



#### Flood: Water Treatment Plant



### Flood



## Flood



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#### **Reducing Flood Damage**



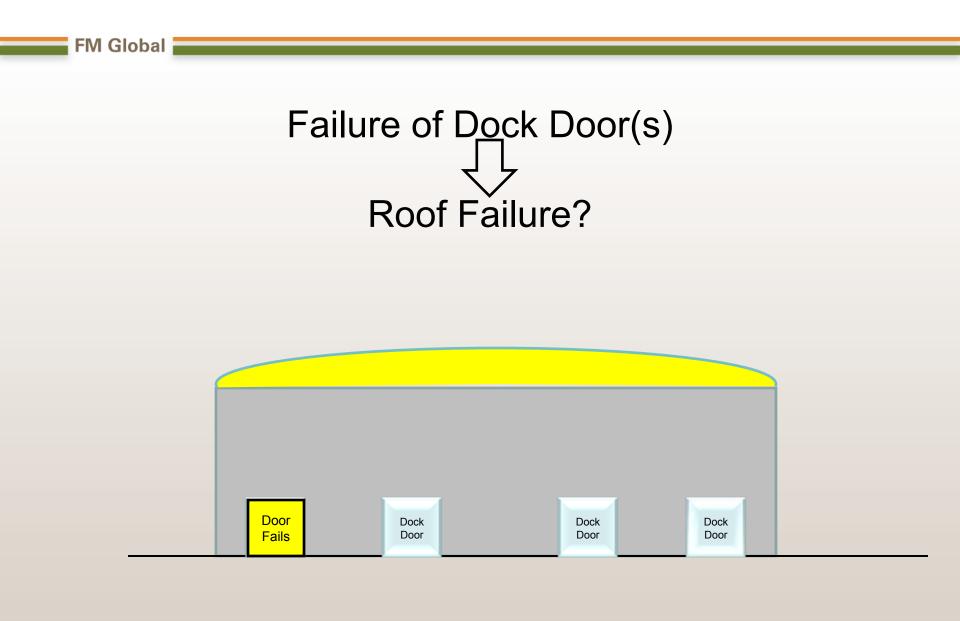


#### Wind: Roof Flashing



### Wind : RTU





Wind: Building envelope is breached (dock door, windows, louvers, etc.)

- "Enclosed" → "Partially Enclosed" Internal pressure: 3x +/-External pressure: no change Net wind pressure increases (low rise, low slope) by: 35% / 25% on walls (f/c) +/-30% / 20% / 15% on roof (f/p/c) +/-
- Could lose portion of roof → significant PD & BI

## Dock Door Bracing (int + ext)



#### Miami-Dade NOA – Dock Door



BUILDING CODE COMPLIANCE OFFICE (BCCO) PRODUCT CONTROL DIVISION MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA METRO-DADE FLAGLER BUILDING 140 WEST FLAGLER STREET, SUITE 1603 MIAMI, FLORIDA 33130-1563 (305) 375-2901 FAX (305) 375-2908

#### **NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE (NOA)**

Cornell Iron Works, Inc. 100 Elmwood Avenue Mountaintop, PA 18707 SCOPE: This NOA is being issued under the applicable rules and regulations governing the use of construction materials. The documentation submitted has been reviewed by Miami-Dade County Product Control Division and accepted by the Board of Rules and Appeals (BORA) to be used in Miami Dade County and other areas where allowed by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

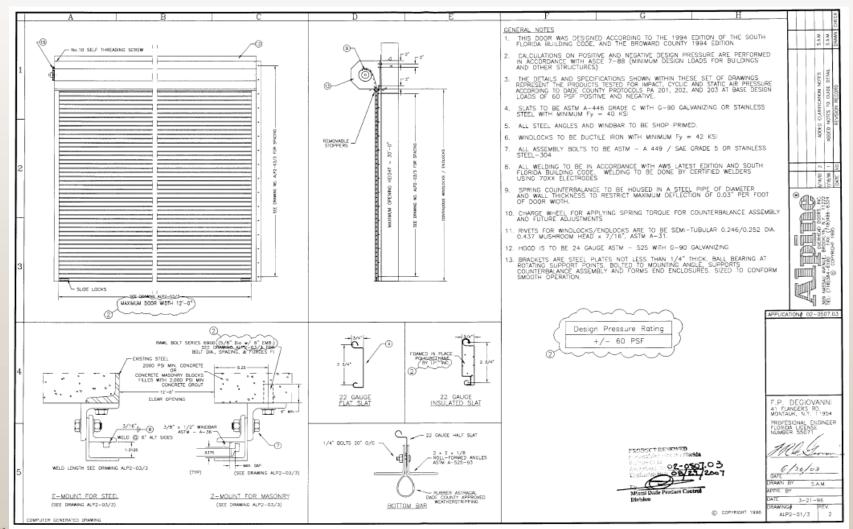
This NOA shall not be valid after the expiration date stated below. The Miami-Dade County Product Control Division (In Miami Dade County) and/or the AHJ (in areas other than Miami Dade County) reserve the right to have this product or material tested for quality assurance purposes. If this product or material fails to perform in the accepted manner, the manufacturer will incur the expense of such testing and the AHJ may immediately revoke, modify, or suspend the use of such product or material within their jurisdiction. BORA reserves the right to revoke this acceptance, if it is determined by Miami-Dade County Product Control Division that this product or material fails to meet the requirements of the applicable building code.

This product is approved as described herein, and has been designed to comply with the High Velocity Hurricane Zone of the Florida Building Code.

DESCRIPTION: 25'- 4"Rolling Steel Door

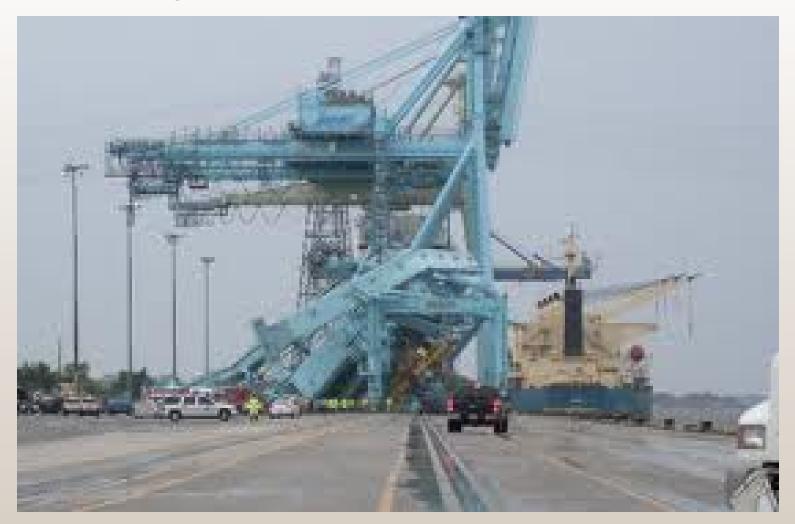
© 2011 FM G

#### Miami-Dade NOA – Dock Door Submittal Drawing (SF = 1.5)



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#### Wind damage to port cranes



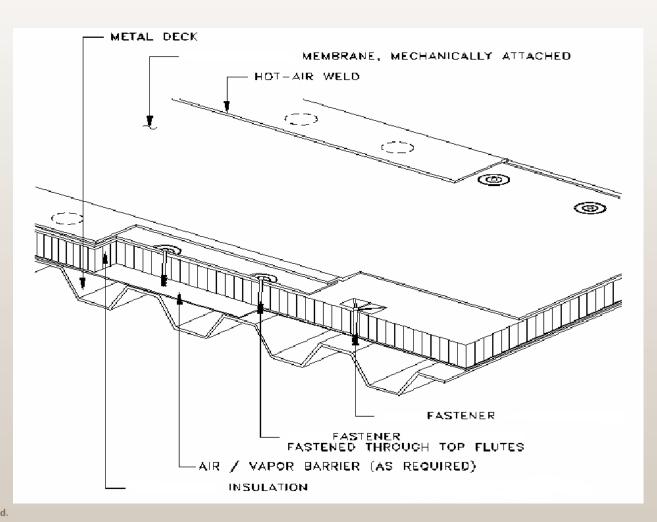
#### Broadcast tower: Ice + wind



# Broadcast station roof: ice shedding and debris impact



Coordination of Design Disciplines (Arch & Struct) Wind Uplift on deck w/MASP: line load ≠ uniform load



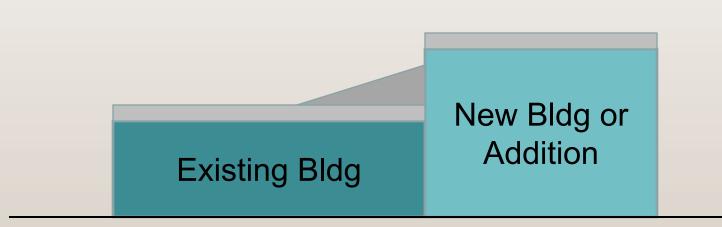
#### Snow collapse at roof step (high/low bay)





#### Snow collapse at roof step (new/exist.)

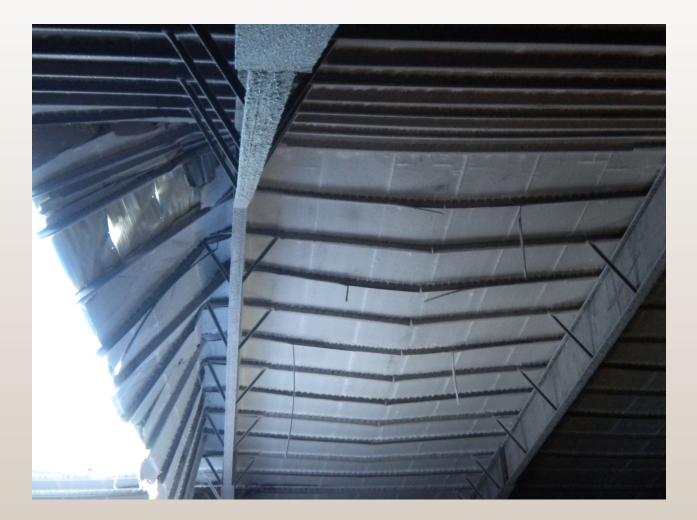




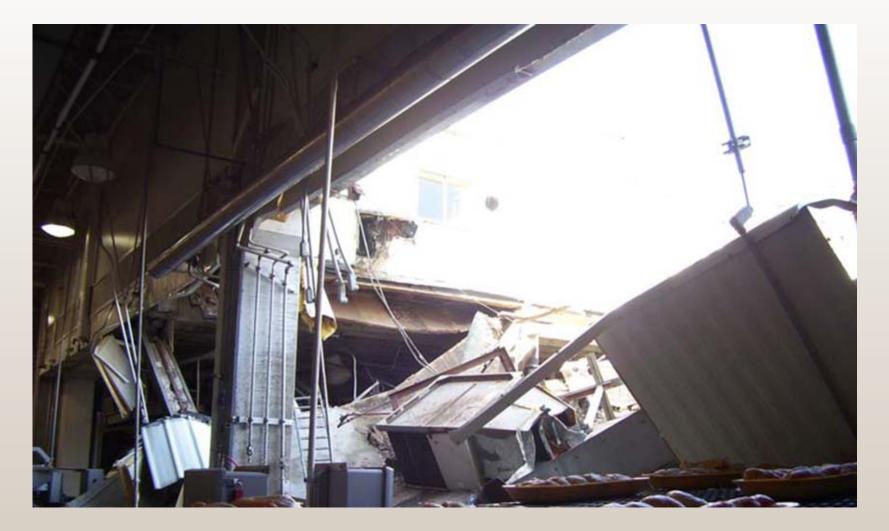
## Snow: purlin failure



## Snow: purlin failure (corrosion)



#### Corrosion: Food processing plant (high int. humidity)



#### Rain/Drainage: roof + wall



#### Rain/drainage: soaked cover boards and ponding



#### Rain/drainage: blocked scupper



## Partially blocked drains, slope



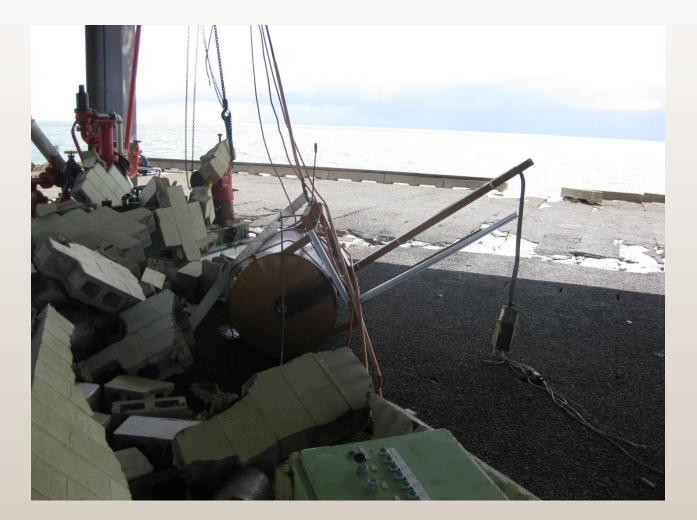
#### Material deterioration



#### Wave/surge damage to wharf utilities



#### Wave/surge damage to wharf



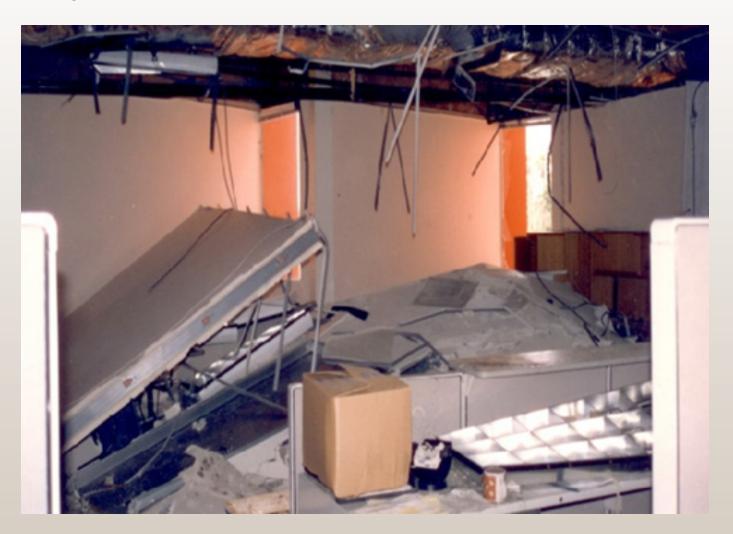
#### EQ damage: Storage rack (photo courtesy of ABS consulting)



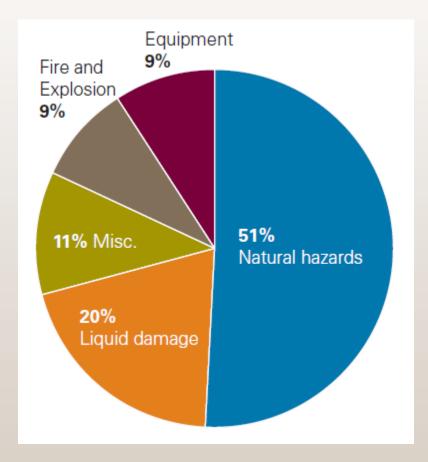
#### EQ damage: Electrical equipment (photo courtesy of ABS consulting)



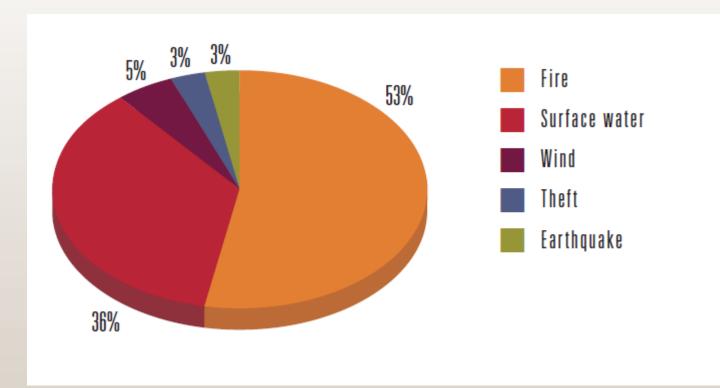
## EQ damage – Non Struct Comp (photo FEMA 74 1994 Northridge)



#### Example: Hospital losses (2005-2009)



#### Example: Telecom equipment bldg losses (1980-2000)

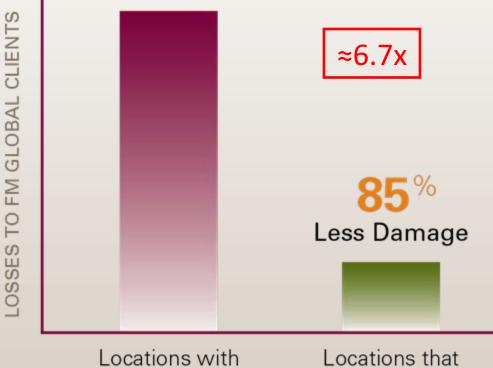


520 large multi-national companies (annual revenue >\$1 billion): Avg. Loss Severity (\$/loss)



#### Katrina Losses

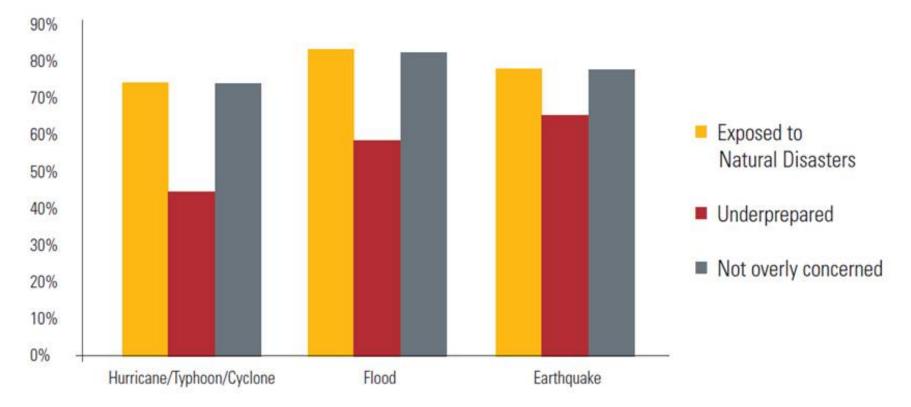
Hurricane Katrina Loss Experience



Locations with recommendations outstanding Locations that followed FM Global recommendations

#### Perception of Risk: Exposure, Concern, and Preparation

#### North America-based Companies



#### Perception of Risk: Wind Speeds

"50-year" = 2% annual probability of exceedance (PoE)

"50-year" = 1 failure every 50 years?? No.

We just had a hurricane – I'm good for 50-years?? No.

- "50-year" (64% PoE over 50 years)
- "100-year" (39% PoE over 50 years)
- "500-year" (10% PoE over 50 years)

## Summary

- 1) FM supports evolution of code/std/guidelines for improving performance & resiliency of the built environment
- 2) Exposure-driven risk-based approach (beyond life safety)
- Whole building approach e.g., more attention to building envelope (wind) and non-struct comp (EQ)
- 4) Better assurance that: As-built = As-designed
- Targeted (exposure) inspection/observation and enforcement
  - Periodic inspection (corrosion/alteration)

(Risk & resiliency improvement similar to risk improvement with 1200 FM field engineers inspecting insured locations)

- 5) Nat Haz Response Team (facilities) feasible/enforceable?
- 6) Design: Better arch/struct coordination (how?)
- 7) Risk awareness: countering wishful thinking (e.g. likihood, PoE)

## Questions/comments?

