



# Acceptance and Rejection: ANSI Participation in ISO

Conference on U.S. Leadership in ISO and IEC Technical Committees

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#### **Overview**

#### Agenda

- > How Does ISO Operate?
- > Perception of ANSI and US Participants
- > ANSI Involvement in ISO
- > Global Relevance and the ISO Code of Ethics
- > Last Thoughts

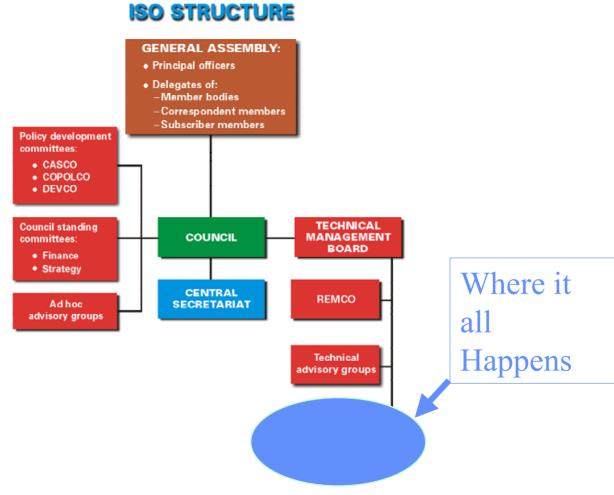


### **ISO Governance Picture**

#### ISO STRUCTURE GENERAL ASSEMBLY: · Principal officers • Delegates of: -Member bodies - Correspondent members -Subscriber members Policy development committees: CASCO COPOLCO DEVCO Council standing **TECHNICAL** COUNCIL MANAGEMENT committees: BOARD • Finance Strategy CENTRAL **REMCO** Ad hoc SECRETARIAT advisory groups Technical advisory groups Technical committees



# **ISO** in Reality





# ISO's Functional Organization—Officially

146 national members

- IT tools
- Standards
- Consensus
- Dissemination

Central Secretariat 150 staff

184 TCs 3000 technical bodies 50 000 experts

American National Standards Institute

# ISO's Functional Organization—Reality

184 TCs, 3 000 technical bodies, 50 000 experts

- IT tools
- Standards development procedures
- Consensus building
- Dissemination

Central Secretariat 150 staff

146 national members



# **Overall Perception of ANSI**

- The US is the World's only Superpower
  - > Not in ISO—EU is
  - And China is right behind
- For Such a Developed Country, We Don't Do Our Homework
  - > Assumption others agree with our business practices, technological choices, safety views, level of health and environmental protection



# **ANSI Involvement in ISO—Key Data**

- Member since founding—1947
- Council Member since founding
- TMB member since 1965
- 4 Presidents, including first
- P member all Policy Committees and Council subcommittees, Chair Finance Committee
- 130 (19%) TC/SC Secretariats (out of 685)
- 558 (81% of all TC/SC) P memberships (out of 11,600)
- 37 (5%) O memberships



#### Global Relevance and Code of Ethics

- Major US Accomplishments
  - > Most do not understand the commitment
  - > It is too bad ISO and IEC are different
- Both support the Strategic Plan
- Both support US interests



#### **Code of Ethics**

- ISO members commit to
  - > Seek globally relevant standards
  - > Application of WTO principles
  - > Organize national input to take into account all affected interests
  - > Facilitate participation of consumers, SME's, and government
- ISO parties commit to
  - > Follow the procedures
  - > Prevent conflicts of interest
  - Insure market needs drive development



#### **Global Relevance**

- Strive for a Unique International Solution
- Commit to Global Relevance at the Outset
  - > A regional solution should not be supported
  - > Other deliverables may lead to an IS later
- Performance over Prescription
- Apply the Rules for Essential Differences if Needed
- Global Relevance Starts in the Business Plan



# **Last Thoughts**

- Preventing ISO from Addressing Issues Is No Longer a Good Option
- Leadership Positions Are Going to Be Up for Grabs
  - > China is going to push
  - > Other Developing Countries are going to expect
- US Has Much to Gain from GR and the C of E
  - > We gain from one globally accepted standard
  - We may have to invent solutions for cooperation between ISO and other SDO's
  - > We may have to seek corrections
- Transparency is coming—even if not in the ISO tradition
- Look at SR process for clues.
- Show Up

