

2008 Open Forum for Standards Developers





Web Accessibility: Why Standards Harmonization Matters

Judy Brewer Director, Web Accessibility Initiative World Wide Web Consortium Washington, DC, June 24-25, 2008

Web Accessibility: Why Standards Harmonization Matters

- □ W3C and WAI
- Web Accessibility Guidelines
- □ Web Accessibility Harmonization/Fragmentation
- □ Participation & Resources
- Resources





World Wide Web Consortium



World Wide Web Consortium (WAI)

- International, primarily industry, vendor-neutral consortium
- Develops core standards for Web
- □ Five main domains/divisions of technical work
 - one of these is the Web Accessibility Initiative (WAI)
- □ In-house accessibility focus:
 - enables getting accessibility right at the design stage

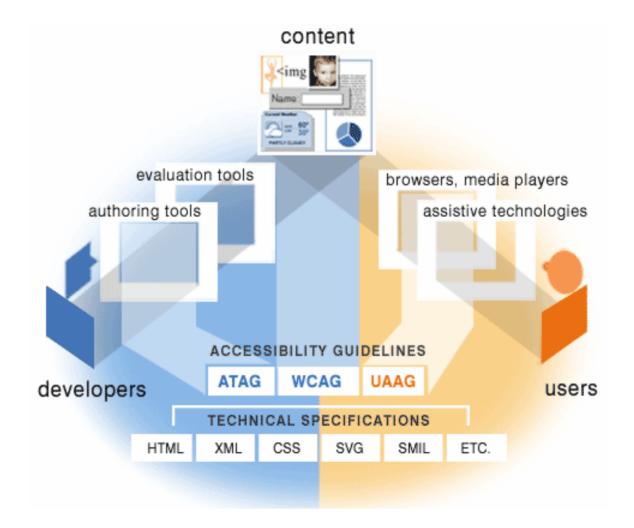


Web Accessibility Addresses Crossdisability needs:

- Visual
 - described graphics or video
 - well marked-up tables or frames, dynamic content
 - keyboard support, screen reader compatibility
- □ Hearing
 - captioning for audio, supplemental illustration
- □ Physical, Speech
 - keyboard or single-switch support; alternatives for speech input
- □ Cognitive, Neurological
 - consistent navigation, appropriate language level
 - illustration; no flickering or strobing designs
- Older Web users

sometimes combinations of needs, but miss "disability" solutions





Complementary Aspects of Web Accessibility



WCAG 2.0

Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 2.0

□ WCAG 2.0 Candidate Recommendation — April 2008: stable draft Implementation testing — in diverse Web sites and applications □ Evaluate conformance □ Adjust at-risk items



Establishing WCAG 2.0 as a Convergence Target

- □ Improvements over WCAG 1.0
 - more precisely testable
 - technology-neutral
 - fewer constraints for developers
 - improved accessibility support
- □ Structure
 - 4 principles, 12 guidelines
 - ~60 normative, testable success criteria
 - 3 levels



WCAG 2.0 Supporting Materials Promote Harmonization and Implementation

□ <u>Techniques for WCAG 2.0</u>

- sufficient, additional, common failures, test procedures
- "additional techniques" layer invites innovation
- □ How to Meet WCAG 2.0
 - customizable developers' reference
- □ <u>Understanding WCAG 2.0</u>
 - intent, examples, resources, techniques, key terms



WCAG 2.0 Completion Steps

Timelines can be a fragmentation driver...

- Public Working Drafts (done)
- □ Last Call Working Drafts (done)
- □ Candidate Recommendation (current)
- □ Proposed Recommendation (3Q 2008?)
- □ W3C Recommendation (4Q 2008?)
 - completed Web standard
 - authorized W3C translations



ATAG 2.0

Authoring Tool Accessibility Guidelines 2.0

□ <u>ATAG 2.0 Working Draft</u>

- Accessibility of authoring interface
- Production of accessible content
- Covers all kinds of authoring tools
 - HTML editors
 - content management
 - systems
 - blogging & wiki software



UAAG 2.0

User Agent Accessibility Guidelines 2.0

UAAG 2.0 First Public Working Draft

- □ Browsers, media players
- Updating technologies covered
- Better address specific problems
 - interoperability with assistive technology
 - support for rich media



WAI-ARIA

- □ Accessible Rich Internet Applications
- □ Making dynamic Web content accessible
 - Ajax, DHTML, other dynamic technologies
 - accessibility of widgets, navigation, drag & drop...
- □ <u>WAI-ARIA</u>
 - Overview, Primer, Best Practices, FAQ
- □ Nearing Last Call Working Draft



Accessibility & Mobile Web

- □ <u>Relationship between Mobile Web, WCAG 1.0, 2.0</u>
 - cross-mapping of provisions
- □ <u>Shared user experiences</u>
 - people with disabilities & mobile Web users
- □ Promotes appropriate cross-referencing of standards



Currently – Significant Fragmentation

- □ Many organizations, governments re-creating wheel
- □ Sub-setting conformance levels
- **Tweaking meaning of provisions**
- **Combining with usability**
- Fragments market for authoring & evaluation tool developers
- Difficult for international & multi-sector organizations to track requirements



Benefits of Harmonization

- Standards harmonization accelerates Web accessibility by
 - providing unified market for authoring and evaluation tools
 - eliminating conflicting requirements on developers
 - creating consistent user expectations
 - enabling shared training and evaluation resources



Extensive Liaison Activities

- □ Ensure process is open to all stakeholders
- Promote extensive public review, comment, testing
- Monitor parallel activities across many organizations
 JTC1 Special Working Group on Accessibility
- Promote awareness of need for harmonized standards
- □ Advise regarding regulatory development
- Provide mechanism for authorized translations
- □ Promote broad participation in W3C/WAI work



Resources

- \Box <u>www.w3.org/WAI/</u>
- ✓ WAI guidelines
- ✓ Introducing, managing, evaluating accessibility
- ✓ WAI Working Groups, about WAI
- Translations of WAI documents

