Creating a National Database of Certified First Responders

...finding the right individual, with the right credential, at the right time...

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National Practitioner Data Bank Models



Criminal Data



Credentialing Data



NPDBHIPDBEstablished by Law

FCP Voluntary

American National Standards Institute

October 1, 2003

Highlights

- Data Collection Systems for use in Licensing, Credentialing & Certification
- Established by law and need
- Querying and Reporting is Required by Law or National Accreditation Organizations
- No Public Access to Data Bank Data

Purpose: Improve Healthcare Quality and Safety

Provide practice data to hospitals, State licensing boards, professional societies, and other healthcare entities so they can appropriately identify, credential, employ, dispatch and, when necessary, discipline healthcare practitioners.

Major Sources of Reports & Data

NPDB:

State licensing boards Professional Societies Hospitals, and Other Healthcare Entities

HIPDB:

Healthcare Related Criminal Convictions Related Civil Judgments Federal and State Healthcare Program Exclusions

FCP:

Credentialing Coordinators

What's Reported

NPDB

- Adverse licensure, clinical privilege, and professional society actions taken against physicians and dentists

- Medical malpractice payments made for the benefit of all licensed health care practitioners

- Criminal Convictions

HIPDB

- Criminal Convictions

FCP

- Primary Source Verified Data reported by software solicited organizations

Who Queries

NPDB

- State Licensing Boards*
- Professional Societies*
- Health Plans*
- Hospitals (Public and Private)*

*Must Engage in formal peer review activities

HIPDB

- Federal and State Government Agencies
- Health Plans
- Health Providers, <u>suppliers</u> and practitioners (self-query only)
 FCP
- Credentialing Staff
- Self Queries*

When you May or Must Query

Hospitals: **must query** when a practitioner applies for privileges or membership on the medical staff and *once* every two years to maintain hospital accreditation

Other Healthcare Entities and State Licensing Boards: **may query** for credentialing, peer review or licensing purposes. Practitioners: may query to obtain their own credentials and records

Interesting Statistics as of 6/03

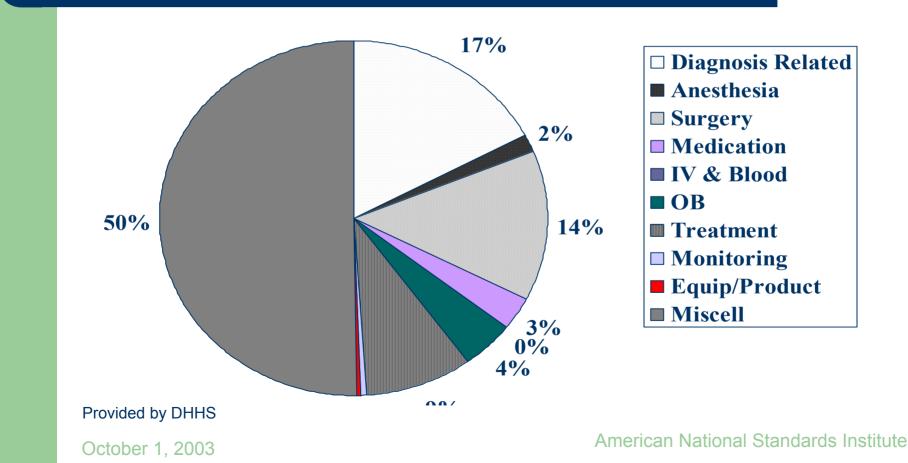
NPDB opened Fall, 1990

- 245,241 reports for 137,456 Physicians **HIPDB** opened Spring, 2000
- 141,564 reports

FCP opened Spring, 2001

- Entire VA & others mandate use
- > 50,000 enrolled healthcare providers

NPDB Malpractice Payments Percent of Payments by Reason for Payment



Federal Credentialing Program



Improving the nation's health care through standardized electronic credentialing

American National Standards Institute

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FCP ... Established to develop and provide:

- National Forum for Healthcare Credentialing Issues
- Software designed to standardize credentialing procedures
- Web-based Electronic Credentials Data Bank

FCP Provides:

A secure electronic database for the credentialing of healthcare providers, providing rapid verification of credentials in support of regular and multiple appointment(s), rapid deployment for emergency response and telemedicine.

Problems Before the FCP

- No Standard Credentialing Process
- Slow, Paper-Bound
- Redundant and Inconsistent
- Data not readily nor regionally accessible
- Did not support national disaster efforts and emergency response
- Costly

FCP Accomplishments:

- Standardized Definitions and Processes for credentialing
- Improved Integrity of Credentialing Data (Trust)
- Reduced Duplication
- Increased Efficiency
- Lowered Costs
- Improved Personnel Management
- Supports Medical Readiness, Emergency Response and Telehealth

Shared Databank Concepts

- Public/private enterprises
- Stakeholder participation
- Common Definitions developed through National Forums and Working Meetings
- Software-driven process promotes standardization
- Internet Accessible Data Depositaries
- Funding derived from user fees

Funding

The NPDB, HIPDB and FCP do not receive any taxpayer funds. The NPDB and HIPDB are required by law to recover all costs through fee collection. They are funded entirely by query fees. The FCP is funded by proportional contributions from participating agencies.

NPDB: (Example of Query Fees)

- Self-Query: \$10 per Data Bank
- Practitioners \$20 automatically query both
- Entity: \$4.25 per Data Bank
- **FCP:** Funded entirely by the participating who cost share based on program use

Proposal: National Certification & Credentials Data Bank (NCCDB)

Data Bank Model provides a proven approach to the creation of a National Credentials and Certification Data Bank

NCCDB:

- stakeholder driven partnership to assure collaboration.
- software to drive standardization and quality -
- Internet to provide ready access, and

NCCDB

Public – Private Partnership Common Lexicon Software Driven Certification and Credentialing Internet Data Banking User Fee Funding

United States Postal Service

National Council of State Boards of Nursing

Federal Credentialing Program

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National Board on Fire Service Professional Qualifications

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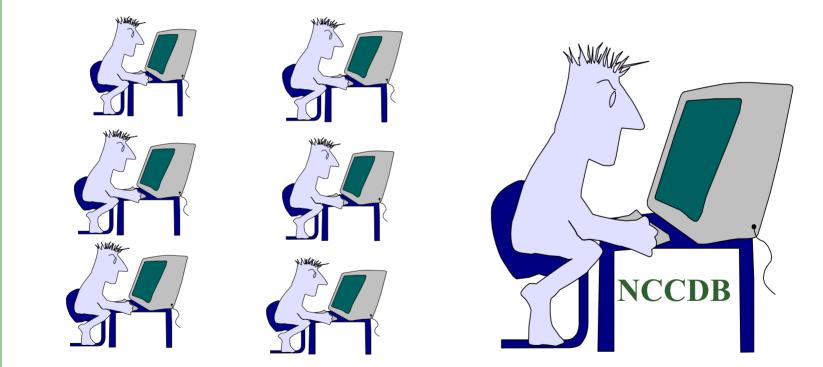
NCCDB Program Advantages

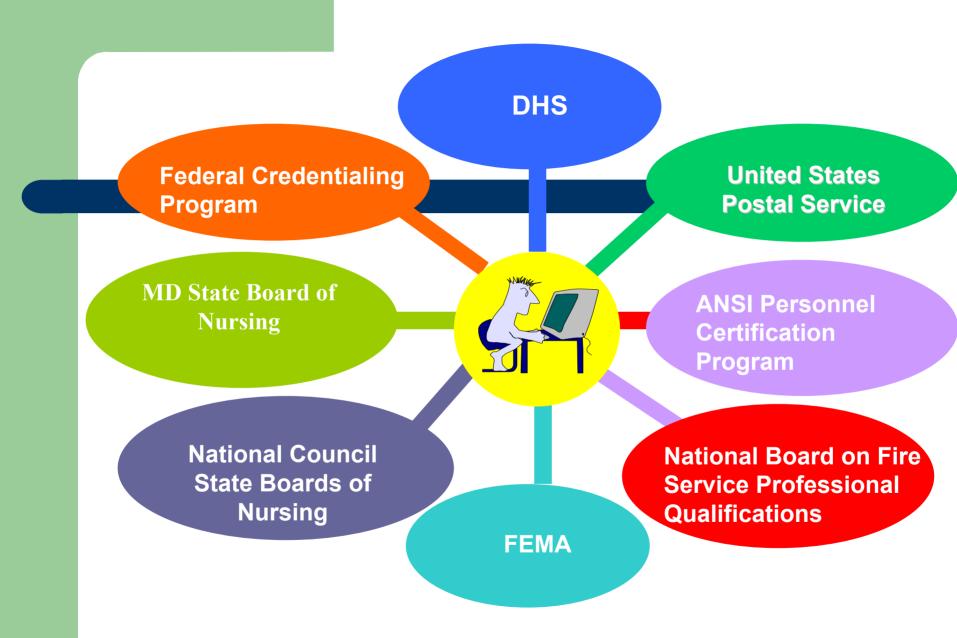
- Done once
- Done right
- Stored electronically
- Instantly Available (Tactical)
- Consistent
- Transferable/Sharable
- Economical

NCCDB Support Emergency Response Support

- Catalogue health care personnel to be used in emergency response
- Include demographic and personal information
- Identify scarce health care professionals
- Assure Individual is appropriately qualified, certified or licensed to perform required tasks

NCCDB





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Reference Sites

Web Site

- www.npdb-hipdb.com
 - Interactive Training
 - Public Use File
 - Data on Reporting
 - Annual Report
 - Instructions for Reporting and Querying
- Help Line
 1-800-767-6732